10.—Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Classified According to the Purpose of the Principal Product, by Main Groups, 1940-41, and in Detail for 1941—concluded.

| Year and Purpose  | Estab-<br>tish<br>ments              | Capital   | Em-<br>ployees                                  | Salaries<br>and<br>Wages  | Cost<br>of<br>Materials  | Gross<br>Value of<br>Products  |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| 1941—Detail—concluded   | No.                                  | \$  | No.   | \$  | \$   | \$   |
| Drink and Tobacco   | 688<br>76<br>512<br>100              | 221,539,178<br>105,266,692<br>35,562,853<br>80,709,633                    | 8,026<br>7,072                                  | <b>33,036,981</b><br>13,532,576<br>8,765,468<br>10,738,937          | 96,986,623<br>42,834,471<br>16,936,389<br>37,215,763                 | 86,237,832<br>46,646,142   |
| Clothing  | 2,301<br>210<br>420                  | 230,532,584<br>34,243,680<br>19,535,502                                   | 18,841  | 116,131,601<br>17,687,326<br>7,032,772                              | 235,698,630<br>32,201,024<br>18,336,407                              | 415,471,018<br>57,053,251<br>28,937,615                                    |
| nishings. Gloves and mittens. Hats and caps. Knitted goods. Waterproofs.  | 1,211<br>71<br>196<br>181<br>12      | 101,147,910<br>4,121,090<br>10,916,437<br>58,666,872<br>1,901,093         | 58,934<br>2,894<br>6,348<br>24,362<br>1,017     | 59,066,790<br>2,494,971<br>6,488,340<br>22,423,739<br>937,663       | 129,046,468<br>4,238,607<br>10,035,570<br>39,128,357<br>2,712,197    | 77, 122, 209   |
| Personal Utilities. Jewellery and time-pieces. Recreational supplies. Personal utilities.                                       | 651<br>126<br>73<br>452              | 61,170,967<br>14,709,713<br>6,807,313<br>39,653,941                       | 17,675<br>5,091<br>2,060<br>10,524              | 20,510,038<br>6,517,122<br>2,020,698<br>11,972,218                  | 42,064,391<br>12,682,487<br>2,478,750<br>26,903,154                  | 85,627,622<br>24,283,605<br>5,508,147<br>55,835,870                        |
| House Furnishings   | 827                                  | 120,765,916   | 35,583  | 42,614,722  | 71,511,798   | 150,988,355  |
| Books and Stationery  | 2,515                                | 154,150,551   | 45,500  | 65,523,631  | 66,324,919   | 182,686,318  |
| Vehicles and Vessels  | 370                                  | 436,853,387   | 117,492   | 188,325,103   | 388,382,775  | 714,510,718  |
| Producers Materials Farm materials Manufacturers materials Building materials General materials                                 | 7,984<br>27<br>1,167<br>6,163<br>627 | 2,076,914,285<br>20,110,569<br>1,628,130,179<br>340,465,403<br>88,208,134 | 295,725<br>1,748<br>184,698<br>86,089<br>23,190 | 399,181,962<br>2,865,837<br>273,439,289<br>96,655,575<br>26,221,261 | 999,572,243<br>9,419,584<br>754,228,055<br>174,994,880<br>60,929,724 | 2,002,417,597<br>15,188,645<br>1,496,960,868<br>375,571,001<br>114,697,083 |
| Industrial Equipment Farming Equipment Manufacturing equipment Trading equipment Service equipment Light, heat and power equip- | 2,324<br>43<br>263<br>145<br>323     | 877,509,129<br>59,391,792<br>112,346,573<br>10,254,879<br>65,730,892      | 158,669<br>8,848<br>24,146<br>2,014<br>10,671   | 232,294,504<br>12,218,275<br>38,367,933<br>2,797,458<br>14,129,269  | 520,044,553<br>14,491,882<br>45,227,349<br>1,815,690<br>24,942,018   | 1,066,702,761<br>34,653,628<br>125,837,344<br>8,457,740<br>57,511,970      |
| ment  | 354<br>1,196                         | 329,848,827<br>299,936,166  | 47,594<br>65,396                                | 71,807,314<br>92,974,255  | 238,715,687<br>194,851,927   | 410,436,842<br>429,805,237   |
| Miscellaneous   | 213                                  | 176,725,440   | 30,958  | 39,499,128  | 58,977,166   | 121,971,029  |

## Subsection 3.—Manufactures Classified by Origin of the Materials

Historical statistics of manufactures classified on an 'origin' basis have been given in this subsection in earlier Year Books. This classification is interesting for comparisons with the external trade classifications according to origin. In order to conserve space, figures for earlier years are not repeated but the data for significant years from 1924-39 are given at pp. 377-378 of the 1942 Year Book.

The distinction made between farm materials of Canadian and foreign origin is based on whether the materials are indigenous to Canada rather than on their actual source. Thus, the industries included in the foreign origin classes are those depending upon materials that cannot be grown in Canada, such as tea, coffee, spices, cane sugar, rice, rubber, cotton, etc. Industries included in the Canadian origin classes may, however, be using large quantities of imported materials.